Drives the Complexity out of Database Integration on the Android Platform

By

Damodar Periwal
Founder
Data integration software company specializing in **Object Relational Mapping (ORM)** technology

JDX, the core ORM technology, simplifies integration of Java programs with relational databases by eliminating endless lines of SQL code

JDX ORM is powerful, practical, and patented

JDX ORM has been adapted for the .NET and Android Platforms

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- JDX helps achieve significant reductions in overall time, risk and cost associated with Java/Database programming
- Released in 1998
- Customers include British Telecom, Xerox, Los Alamos National Labs, Electronic Arts, Darden Business School, and UAB Hospital System
NJDX helps achieve significant reductions in overall time, risk and cost associated with .NET/Database programming

- Released in 2005
- NJDX has been tightly integrated with Visual Studio .NET and can be used with any CLR-based language including C# and VB.NET
JDXA is a simple yet powerful, flexible, and lightweight ORM product for the Android platform.

JDXA helps achieve significant reductions in overall time, risk and cost associated with Android/SQLite programming.

Released in 2015.

Comes with many Android platform-specific utility classes to facilitate the easy and speedy development of mobile apps.
Testimonials for our ORM products

- I'm more impressed with the power and depth of your software every day. - Dr. Dave Forslund, Deputy Director, Los Alamos National Laboratory

- I have evaluated JDXA ORM for Android and am very impressed by the product's powerful features, performance, and simplicity. - Surojit Pakira, a senior Android application developer

- JDXA is one of the easiest Android ORM frameworks I have worked with so far. I was up and running with JDXA in literally a few minutes. It’s really simple to use and understand. If you are looking for a simple, yet powerful ORM framework that can significantly accelerate your Android app development process, choose JDXA. - Lakitha Samarasinghe, Mobile Tech Lead, Fidenz

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More Testimonials

- **JDX simplified the rapid evolution of our application design by easily facilitating the mapping and database schema changes. JDX has met our performance expectations very well** – Greg Ball Director, Darden Information Services

- **The reverse-engineering capabilities of JDX really set it apart from the others** - Kevin Leitch, Java System Architect

- **We've tried Oracle but couldn't achieve what we've achieved with JDX** - Chee-Beng Chay, Director, PalmWindow, Singapore

- **I did not encounter any modeling or query requirements in our complex application for which JDX did not have a solution** - Richard Brewster, News Corporation

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Role of ORM in Application Architecture

- **Common Application Design and Usage Pattern**
  - Object-Oriented (OO) Programs using RDBMS as persistence storage for business (domain) objects

- **Business (Domain) Object Examples**
  - *A Twitter App*: User, Tweet, ReTweet
  - *A Fitness App*: User, WhatToTrack, TrackedInfo, FitnessGoal, VitalReadingsLog
  - *A ToDo App*: User, Task, TodoList, Location, TaskDisposition
  - *A Travel Journal App*: User, Location, Attractions, Restaurants, ActivityLog
package com.javacodegeeks.androiddatabaseexample;

public class Book {

    private int id;
    private String title;
    private String author;

    public Book() {}

    public Book(String title, String author) {
        super();
        this.title = title;
        this.author = author;
    }

    public int getId() {
        return id;
    }
}

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// SQL statement to create book table
String CREATE_BOOK_TABLE = "CREATE TABLE books ( " + "id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT, " + "title TEXT, " + "author TEXT )";
    db.execSQL(CREATE_BOOK_TABLE);
}

@Override
public void onUpgrade(SQLiteDatabase db, int oldVersion, int newVersion) {
    // drop books table if already exists
    db.execSQL("DROP TABLE IF EXISTS books");
    this.onCreate(db);
}

public void createBook(Book book) {
    // get reference of the BookDB database
    SQLiteDatabase db = this.getWritableDatabase();

    // make values to be inserted
    ContentValues values = new ContentValues();
    values.put(book_TITLE, book.getTitle());
Role of ORM in Application Architecture …

- **The Problems**
  - Difficult to bridge the object-relational paradigm (impedance mismatch)
  - Significant pieces of complex code being repeatedly developed
  - Tedious, error-prone, and time-consuming exercise
  - High cost of development and maintenance

- **Best Practice Design Pattern**
  - Persistence framework based on ORM functionality
  - Eliminate complex, non-intuitive and error-prone JDBC/SQL code
  - Good isolation of persistence layer eliminates bigger problems
public void createBook(Book book) throws Exception {
    jdxHelper.insert(book, true);
}

public Book readBook(int id) throws Exception {
    return (Book) jdxHelper.getObjectById(bookClassName, "id=" + id, false, null);
}

public List getAllBooks() throws Exception {
    return jdxHelper.getObjects(bookClassName, null);
}

public void updateBook(Book book) throws Exception {
    jdxHelper.update(book, true);
}
KISS Principle

- Keep It Simple, Stupid
- Keep It Simple, Silly
- Keep It Short and Simple
- Keep It Small and Simple
- Keep It Simple and Straightforward

Most systems work best if they are kept simple rather than made complicated
What are the *KISS* Principles for ORM?
**KISS Principles for ORM**

#1

Solve the most important problem (object relational impedance mismatch) in the simplest possible way

The ORM product focuses on the most important problem and solves it efficiently

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KISS Principles for ORM

#2

Don’t make the solution more complex than the original problem

Rather than becoming a development headache, the ORM improves developer productivity

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KISS Principles for ORM

#3

Be completely non-intrusive to the object model

A clean object model helps in easier implementation and smoother evolution of business logic

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KISS Principles for ORM

#4

Give full flexibility in object modeling

Adherence to a true domain model helps in better design and integration of the application

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KISS Principles for ORM

#5

Make it easy to define, modify, comprehend, and share the mapping specification

The ORM system is easy to understand, use, and manage

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KISS Principles for ORM

#6

Avoid source code generation for data access

Creates a simpler, cleaner, and more dynamic solution

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KISS Principles for ORM

#7

Keep the mapping engine as much stateless as possible

The mapping engine remains simple and focused without creating unnecessary runtime overhead

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KISS Principles for ORM

#8

No mind reading

The mapping engine does not cause data corruption. The user remains firmly in control. The usage of an ORM engine is simple and straightforward.

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KISS Principles for ORM

#9

Avoid creating a new query language

Fast learning curve. Easy-to-understand programs. Avoiding the overhead related to query parsing and compilation speeds up internal implementation.

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KISS Principles for ORM

#10

Stick to 90/90 rule about product features

A practical product that is easy-to-understand and use. Implementation is not overloaded with unnecessary or rarely-used features.
Simplicity is the ultimate sophistication

Leonardo da Vinci
ORM Architecture

Declarative ORM Specification

- App
- JDXA ORM Engine
- JDBC
- SQLite RDBMS

Android Platform

Domain Objects

Relational Rows

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There are just 3 simple steps to use JDXA ORM

1. Define domain object model (Java classes)
2. Define a declarative ORM specification textually
3. Develop apps using intuitive and powerful JDXA APIs

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Declarative mapping specification based on a simple grammar
  - Benefit: Mapping is easy to define, generate, modify & comprehend

Provides simple, non-intrusive, and dynamic programming model
  - Benefit: Increased developer productivity

Handles complex object structures and class-hierarchies
  - Benefit: Greater flexibility working with objects

Powerful query facilities including object-streaming, named queries, and object caching
  - Benefit: More flexible, sophisticated, and faster apps
Supports POJO (Plain Old Java Objects) friendly non-intrusive programming model which does not require you to change your Java classes in any way

- **Benefits:**
  - No need to subclass your domain classes from any base class
  - No need to clutter your source code with annotations
  - No source code generation (No need for DAO classes)
  - No pre-processing or post-processing of your code
  - Clean architecture improves developer productivity and code maintainability
Object Modeling Flexibility

Class Hierarchies
One-to-One Relationships
One-to-Many Relationships
Many-to-Many Relationships
BYVALUE Relationships
BYREFERENCE relationships
Implicit Attributes
Persistence By Reachability
Query Flexibility

Shallow Query       Deep Query
Directed Query      Lazy Fetches
Named Query         Positional Query
Aggregate Query     Streaming Query
Asynchronous Query  Polymorphic Query
Query by Identity   Path Expressions
Android specific utility classes for
- Schema creation/population
- ListActivity
- Asynchronous queries
- Streaming objects
- Sequence generators
- Object graph display
  - JDXHelper – a useful façade over the core ORM methods
  - **Benefit:** Create flexible apps quickly

Support for persistence of JSON objects
- **Benefit:** Easily create apps utilizing web services

Extensive documentation and many working examples
- **Benefit:** Easy-to-learn and easy-to-use

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public List getObjects(String className, String predicate)

public List getObjects(String className, String predicate, long maxObjects, boolean deep, List details)

public Object getObjectById(String className, String primaryKeyPredicate, boolean deep, List details)

public void insert(Object object, boolean deep)

public void update(Object object, boolean deep)

public void delete(Object object, boolean deep)

public void delete2(String className, String predicate)

Partial List

Could be a list of objects
public int getObjectCount(String className, String attribName, String predicate)

public synchronized long getNextSeq(String seqName, long increment)

public long SQLStatement(String statement, long statementFlags)
public List query(String className, String predicate, long maxObjects, long queryFlags, List queryDetails)

public void insert(Object object, long insertFlags, List insertDetails)

public void update(Object object, long updateFlags, List updateDetails)

public void delete(Object object, long deleteFlags, List deleteDetails)

public void delete2(String className, String predicate, long deleteFlags)
Code Snippets

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There are just 3 simple steps to use JDX for Android:

1. Define domain object model (Java classes)
2. Define a declarative ORM specification textually
3. Develop apps using intuitive and powerful JDX APIs

Now let’s see some code snippets
An employee works in a department (BYREFERENCE Relationship)

An employee has an address (BYVALUE Relationship)
One-to-Many Relationship

A company has many departments (BYVALUE Relationship)
Online Code Snippets

JDXA ORM code snippets provided for many different object modeling and usage patterns at the following URL


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A simple and flexible ORM framework is a fundamental need for present and future application architectures to access SQL relational databases like SQLite.

JDXA ORM is simple, flexible, non-intrusive, and lightweight.

JDXA provides a powerful set of practical ORM features.

JDXA improves developer productivity by maximizing code reuse, maintainability, and reliability.

JDXA helps achieve significant reductions in overall time, risk, and cost associated with Android app development.
Welcome and say goodbye to

Mr. Code Struggle

Ms. Project Delay

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Questions?
Thank You!

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Software Tree Website
http://www.softwaretree.com

More Information on JDXA

Free 30-day Trial Download

White paper: KISS Principles for ORM

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Additional Slides
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<th>JDXA, simple yet powerful ORM library for Android</th>
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**KISS Principles for ORM**

- Solve the most important problem (object relational impedance mismatch) in the simplest possible way
- Don’t make the solution more complex than the original problem
- Be completely non-intrusive to the object model
- Give full flexibility in object modeling
- Make it easy to define, modify, comprehend, and share ORM specification
- Avoid source code generation for data access
- Keep the mapping engine as much stateless as possible
- No mind reading
- Avoid creating a new query language
- Expose small number of simple and consistent APIs.

More ....

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**KISS Principles for ORM…**

- Absorb database-specific dependencies in the internal implementation.
- Provide simple and intuitive pass-thru mechanisms for accessing databases directly.
- Optimize data access logic automatically.
- Stick to 90/90 rule about product features.
- Keep the internal implementation simple, extensible, and efficient.
- Offer intuitive tools to deal with object models, database schema, and the mapping.
- Provide a straightforward installer, lucid documentation, and readymade examples.
More Testimonials

- We could not have finished our project in time without JDX - Paul Quirk, PMSC, Australia

- JDX is a top-tier OR-Mapping technology. Simple definition of the mapping in the text form is very innovative, powerful and interesting - Lubos Hartman, Software Architect for J2EE, Unicorn, Czech Republic

- We are very impressed with JDX. In building a large-scale Java application, the object-oriented access to DBMS, eliminating the need of SQL code, is extremely important - Alex Elkin, VP of Engineering, IntelliFrame Corporation

- Personally I find JDX to be the best among all that is existing out there. I have already evaluated it on the local system and its performance is excellent - Niranjan Joshi, Java Consultant

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More Testimonials

- I wish we had known about JDX before getting too deep into our own home-grown mess of the complex object-relational mapping code - Name withheld